

IMPORTANT: Provide this information to employees, customers, and users of this product. Read this SDS before handling or disposing of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard. All abbreviated terms used in this SDS are further described in Section 16.

## 1. Identification

Product Name:	Stucco Patch Dry Mix	Revision Date:	4/12/2022
Product UPC Number:	070798105027	Supercedes Date:	12/29/2021
Manufacturer: DAP Global Inc. 2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21224-4723	2400 Boston Street Suite 200	Product Use/Class: SDS No:	Repair Compound 1503601
	888-327-8477 (non - emergency matters) SDS Coordinator: MSDS@dap.com	Preparer:	Regulatory and Environmental Affairs
	Emergency Telephone: Transportation: 1-800-535 -5053 1-352-323-3500		

# 2. Hazards Identification

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:** Product dust may be irritating to eyes, skin and respiratory system. Removal of this product after use or by dry sanding will generate dust and exposure to this dust may be irritating to the eyes, ears, nose and mouth.

#### GHS Classification

Acute Tox. 4 Inhalation, Carc. 1A, Eye Dam. 1, Skin Irrit. 2, Skin Sens. 1, STOT RE 1, STOT SE 1, STOT SE 3 RTI

Poison Control: 1-800-222-1222

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

Possible Hazards 7% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute toxicity SAP Number:

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS Skin Irritation, category 2 Skin Sensitizer, category 1 Serious Eye Damage, category 1 Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4 STOT, single exposure, category 3, RTI Carcinogenicity, category 1A STOT, single exposure, category 1	H315 H317 H318 H332 H335 H350 H370	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs . Classified Category 1 Substances that produced significant toxicity in humans and evidence to produce significant toxicity with single exposure. Cell death, adverse change in biochemistry, haematology or	
STOT, repeated exposure, category 1	H372	urinalysis parameters, Central or peripheral nervous system and effects senses. multifocal or diffuse necrosis, fibrosis or granuloma formation in organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
	-		
GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATE P201		cial instructions before use.	
P260		athe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.	
P264		bughly after handling.	
P271		utdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.		
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.		
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.		
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.		
P305+P351+P338		S: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if d easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P308+P311		l or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/	
P308+P313		l or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.	
P310		ly call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	
P321		eatment (see on this label).	
P332+P313		tion occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
P333+P313	lf skin irrita	tion or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
P362	Take off contaminated clothing.		
P403+P233	Store in a v	well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
P405	Store locke	ed up.	
P501	Dispose of	contents/container.	
GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEM	ENTS		
P270		drink or smoke when using this product.	
P363	Wash cont	aminated clothing before reuse.	
2 Composition /Information o			

## 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt. %</u>	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Quartz	14808-60-7	30-60	GHS07-GHS08	H332-350-370-372
Portland cement	65997-15-1	15-40	GHS05-GHS07	H315-317-318-335
Limestone	1317-65-3	1-5	No Information	No Information
Gypsum	13397-24-5	1-5	No Information	No Information

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

# 4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - INHALATION: If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water for 15 minutes. Get medical aid if symptoms persist.

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

### 5. Fire-fighting Measures

#### UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: No Information

**SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Spray or Fog, Water

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES: No Information

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:** In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations. Sweep up excess powder. Place remaining powder into containers.

### 7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Use only with adequate ventilation. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. Do not breathe dust. Removal of this product after use will result in the generation of Dust. If dry-sanded, exposure to dust may result in the build-up of material in eyes, ears, nose, and mouth which may cause irritation. While dry sanding, use of a NIOSH-approved dust mask is recommended. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**STORAGE:** Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Keep containers dry and tightly closed to avoid moisture absorption and contamination.

### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Ingredients with Occupational Expose Chemical Name	ure Limits ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH-TLV STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL-CEILING
Quartz	0.025 mg/m3 TWA respirable particulate matter	N.E.	50 μg/m3 TWA Respirable crystalline silica	N.E.
Portland cement	1 mg/m3 TWA particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust, 5 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction	N.E.
Limestone	N.E.	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust, 5 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction	N.E.
Gypsum	10 mg/m3 TWA inhalable particulate matter Calcium sulfate	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust, 5 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction	N.E.

Further Advice: MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit OES = Occupational Exposure Standard SUP = Supplier's Recommendation Sk = Skin Sensitizer N.E. = Not Established

#### Personal Protection

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** Dust safety masks recommended where working powder concentration is more than 10 mg/m3. When concentrations exceed the exposure limits specified, use of a NIOSH-approved dust, mist and fume respirator is recommended. Where the protection factor of the respirator may be exceeded, use of a full facepiece, supplied air, or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) may be necessary. If concentrations exceed the exposure limits specified, use of a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) may be necessary. Use an approved NIOSH/OSHA respirator if dry sanded. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended that the permissible exposure limit be changed to 50 micrograms respirable free silica per cubic meter of air (0.05 mg/m3) as determined by a full shift sample up to 10-hour work shift. A respiratory protection program that meets the OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

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SKIN PROTECTION: Wear protective gloves.

EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.



**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Provide eyewash. Provide coveralls if body contact may occur.



HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Odor: Density, g/cm3: Freeze Point, °C:		V L 2 N
Solubility in Water: Decomposition Temperature, Boiling Range, °C: Minimum Flash Point, °C:	°C:	N N N N
Evaporation Rate: Vapor Density: Combustible Dust:		N N D

White to Off-White Little or No 2.78 - 2.78 Not Established Not Established N.A. - N.A. N.A. Not Applicable Not Applicable Does not support combustion Physical State: Odor Threshold: pH: Viscosity (mPa.s): Partition Coeff., n-octanol/water: Explosive Limits, %: Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C Vapor Pressure, mmHg: Flash Method: Flammability, NFPA: Powder Not Established Not Applicable Not Aplicable Not Established N.A. - N.A. Not Established Not Established Not Applicable Non-Flammable

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend) (If product is an aerosol, the flash point stated above is that of the propellant.)

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Do not breathe dust. Avoid dust formation in confined areas. Excessive heat and freezing.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Above 1450 degree C: SO2 and CaO.

## 11. Toxicological Information

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION:** Inhalation of dust may cause lung damage or other adverse pulmonary and respiratory effects. Prolonged, repeated, or high exposures may cause irritation to the respiratory tract (nose, mouth, mucous membranes). Dust from dry sanding may cause eye, skin, nose, throat and respiratory tract irritation.

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT:** May cause dry skin. May cause skin irritation. May develop enough heat to cause burns if a large mass such as a cast of hand or arm, is kept in contact with skin while hardening. Wet cement can dry skin and cause alkali burns.

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT:** May cause eye irritation. Signs and symptoms may include: pain, tears, swelling, redness and blurred vision. May cause eye irritation.

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Single dose oral toxicity is very low. Amounts ingested incidental to industrial handling are not likely to cause injury; however, ingestion of large amounts may cause injury. Ingestion may result in obstruction when material hardens.

### CARCINOGENICITY: No Information

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS:** The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite that is inhaled from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1-carcinogenic to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (published in June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these materials. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies respirable crystalline silica as "known

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to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (Group A2). Breathing dust containing respirable crystalline silica may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have the following serious chronic health effects: Excessive inhalation of respirable dust can cause pneumoconiosis, a respiratory disease, which can result in delayed, progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung injury. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. Smoking exacerbates this disease. Individuals with pneumoconiosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis. There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by fibrosis of the lungs, skin and other internal organs) and kidney disease. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of dust may cause lung damage. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain asbestiform or non-asbestiform tremolite or other serious lung problems.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Skin Contact, Inhalation, Eye Contact

#### **Acute Toxicity Values**

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below

<u>CAS-No.</u> 14808-60-7	<u>Chemical Name</u> Quartz	<u>Oral LD50</u> N.I.	<u>Dermal LD50</u> N.I.	<u>Vapor LC50</u> N.I.
65997-15-1	Portland cement	N.I.	>2000 mg/kg Rat	>20 g/L
1317-65-3	Limestone	6450 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
13397-24-5	Gypsum	N.I.	N.I.	N.I.

N.I. = No Information

## 12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

### 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** This product does not meet the definition of a hazardous waste according to U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Management Regulation, 40 CFR Section 261. Dispose as hazardous waste according to all local, state, federal and provincial regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:** In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations. Sweep up excess powder. Place remaining powder into containers.

## 14. Transport Information

DOT UN/NA Number:	N.A.
DOT Proper Shipping Name: DOT Technical Name:	Not Regulated N.A.
DOT Hazard Class:	N.A.
Hazard SubClass:	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.

## 15. Regulatory Information

## **U.S. Federal Regulations:**

### **CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Carcinogenicity, Acute Toxicity (any route of exposure), Skin Corrosion or Irritation, Respiratory or Skin Sensitization, Serious eye damage or eye irritation, Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

#### SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

No Sara 313 components exist in this product.

### TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

All ingredients in this product are either on TSCA inventory list, or otherwise exempt. This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

16. Other Informati	ion		
Revision Date:		4/11/2022	Supersedes Date: 12/29/2021
Reason for revision:		Substance and/or Product Properties Cha 01 - Product Information	anged in Section(s):
Datasheet produced by: HMIS Ratings:		Regulatory Department	
Health:	Flammability:	Reactivity:	Personal Protection:
2*	0	0	Х

VOC Less Water Less Exempt Solvent, g/L: 0.0

VOC Material, g/L: 0

VOC as Defined by California Consumer Product Regulation, Wt/Wt%: 0.00

VOC Actual, Wt/Wt%: 0.0

#### Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H350	May cause cancer.
H370	Causes damage to organs . Classified Category 1 Substances that produced significant toxicity in humans and evidence to produce significant toxicity with single exposure. Cell death, adverse change in biochemistry, haematology or urinalysis parameters, Central or peripheral nervous system and effects senses. multifocal or diffuse necrosis, fibrosis or granuloma formation in organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:



GHS08



Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

DAP believes the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.